

Product Name: Flotillin-1(6C10)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog #: AMM11030



Summary

Production Name	Flotillin-1(6C10)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Mouse,Rat,(H)

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% New type preservative N as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	FN1
Alternative Names	FN1; FN; Fibronectin; FN; Cold-insoluble globulin; CIG
Gene ID	2335.0
SwissProt ID	P02751.Synthetic Peptide of Flotillin-1

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:1000-2000
Molecular Weight	49kD

Background

Product Name: Flotillin-1(6C10)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog #: AMM11030



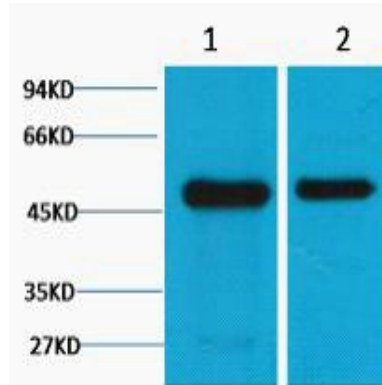
This gene encodes fibronectin, a glycoprotein present in a soluble dimeric form in plasma, and in a dimeric or multimeric form at the cell surface and in extracellular matrix. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate the mature protein. Fibronectin is involved in cell adhesion and migration processes including embryogenesis, wound healing, blood coagulation, host defense, and metastasis. The gene has three regions subject to alternative splicing, with the potential to produce 20 different transcript variants, at least one of which encodes an isoform that undergoes proteolytic processing. The full-length nature of some variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016], alternative products: Additional isoforms seem to exist, developmental stage: Ugl-Y1, Ugl-Y2 and Ugl-Y3 are present in the urine from 0 to 17 years of age, disease: Defects in FN1 are the cause of glomerulopathy with fibronectin deposits type 2 (GFND2) [MIM:601894]; also known as familial glomerular nephritis with fibronectin deposits or fibronectin glomerulopathy. GFND is a genetically heterogeneous autosomal dominant disorder characterized clinically by proteinuria, microscopic hematuria, and hypertension that leads to end-stage renal failure in the second to fifth decade of life, function: Fibronectins bind cell surfaces and various compounds including collagen, fibrin, heparin, DNA, and actin. Fibronectins are involved in cell adhesion, cell motility, opsonization, wound healing, and maintenance of cell shape. Interaction with TNR mediates inhibition of cell adhesion and neurite outgrowth, online information: Fibronectin entry, PTM: Forms covalent cross-links mediated by a transglutaminase, such as F13A or TGM2, between a glutamine and the epsilon-amino group of a lysine residue, forming homopolymers and heteropolymers (e.g. fibrinogen-fibronectin, collagen-fibronectin heteropolymers), PTM: It is not known whether both or only one of Thr-2064 and Thr-2065 are/is glycosylated, PTM: Sulfated, similarity: Contains 12 fibronectin type-I domains, similarity: Contains 16 fibronectin type-III domains, similarity: Contains 2 fibronectin type-II domains, subunit: Mostly heterodimers or multimers of alternatively spliced variants, connected by 2 disulfide bonds near the carboxyl ends; to a lesser extent homodimers. Interacts with FBLN1, AMBP, TNR, LGALS3BP and COL13A1. Interacts with FBLN7, tissue specificity: Plasma FN (soluble dimeric form) is secreted by hepatocytes. Cellular FN (dimeric or cross-linked multimeric forms), made by fibroblasts, epithelial and other cell types, is deposited as fibrils in the extracellular matrix. Ugl-Y1, Ugl-Y2 and Ugl-Y3 are found in urine.

Research Area

Focal adhesion;ECM-receptor interaction;Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton;Pathways in cancer;Small cell lung cancer;

Image Data

Product Name: Flotillin-1(6C10)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog #: AMM11030



Western blot analysis of 1) Mouse Brain Tissue, 2) Rat Brain tissue, diluted at 1:2000.

Note

For research use only.