

Summary

Production Name	CaMKII β / γ / δ (Phospho Thr287)(4H2)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	IHC
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phospho Antibody
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	
Alternative Names	CAMK2B; CAM2; CAMK2; CAMKB; Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type
	II subunit beta; CaM kinase II subunit beta; CaMK-II subunit beta; CAMK2G; CAMK;
	CAMK-II; CAMKG; Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit
	gamma;
Gene ID	816/817/818
SwissProt ID	Q13554/Q13555/Q13557.Synthetic Peptide of CaMKII β / γ / δ (Phospho Thr287)

Application

Dilution Ratio	IHC 1:100-200
Molecular Weight	50kD



Background

The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinase family and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. In mammalian cells, the enzyme is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The product of this gene is a beta chain. It is possible that distinct isoforms of this chain have different cellular localizations and interact differently with calmodulin. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014], alternative products: The variable region of the CAMK2B protein is encoded by at least 7 exons (V1 to V7). Alternative splicing within this region gives rise to CAMK2B isoforms, catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein., enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation of CAMK2 plays an important role in the regulation of the kinase activity., function:CaMkinase II (CAMK2) is a prominent kinase in the central nervous system that may function in long-term potentiation and neurotransmitter release. Member of the NMDAR signaling complex in excitatory synapses, it may regulate NMDARdependent potentiation of the AMPAR and synaptic plasticity., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain, subunit: CAMK2 is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The different isoforms assemble into homo- or heteromultimeric holoenzymes composed of 8 to 12 subunits. Interacts with SYNGAP1 and CAMK2N2 (By similarity). Interacts with MPDZ., tissue specificity: Widely expressed. Expressed in adult and fetal brain. Expression is slightly lower in fetal brain.,

Research Area

ErbB_HER;Calcium;Oocyte meiosis;WNT;WNT-T CELLLong-term potentiation;Neurotrophin;Olfactory transduction;GnRH;Melanogenesis;Glioma;

Image Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat Brain Tissue using CaMKII β / γ / δ (Phospho Thr287) (mAb

Product Name: CaMKIIβ/γ/δ(Phospho Thr287) (4H2)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog #: AMM05676



diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse Brain Tissue using CaMKII β / γ / δ (Phospho Thr287) Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.

Note For research use only.